Sample MLA Paper

(typical 5 paragraph paper – for research, simply add more paragraphs to thoroughly discuss the topic and present the source information)

Introductory paragraph. This paragraph should give a brief explanation of the topic. Typically a strong thesis statement is the last sentence of the introduction. The thesis statement is the goal of the paper contained in one sentence and should list the reasons, ideas, or opinions on the topic that will be discussed in the body of the paper. At least three body paragraphs will follow, with each item listed in the thesis presented in a topic sentence, followed by support for the idea.

Example of a thesis statement: School uniforms should be mandatory in public schools because they identify the student body on campus, cut down on peer pressure and discipline problems between students, and are more cost effective for parents.

1st body paragraph takes the first point from the thesis statement and discusses it in further detail, starting with a topic sentence.

Example of a body paragraph topic sentence: School uniforms should be mandatory in public schools because they help to identify the students and prevent unauthorized visitors. This could be called the school officials’ paragraph. Continue on with quotes, examples, etc.

2nd body paragraph takes another point of the thesis and builds on that.
Ex: School uniforms should also be required because they cut down on student disputes over clothing or gang-related apparel. Many teens feel the peer pressure to dress a certain way or be identified with a certain group, and this can lead to problems in the classroom. This could be called the students’ paragraph. Again, use statistics, facts, quotes, opinions, and similar information taken from approved sources.

3rd body paragraph uses the last point of the thesis statement: School uniforms can be cost effective for parents. You could actually provide cost comparisons here and call this the parents’ paragraph.

The reason the paragraphs are named is to help the writer stay on topic.

Conclusion restates the thesis and wraps up all of my information. This paragraph will closely resemble the introductory paragraph and not introduce any new ideas or support.

Example of a conclusion topic sentence: When considering the issue of school uniforms in public schools, it is important to note the effects on school officials, students, and parents. Then a sentence on each point could be used to sum up the points made.

After the paper is written, allow time to go back and check for grammar and punctuation errors. Make sure the paper stays on topic and addresses only the items set forth in the introduction and stated in the thesis.

If the paper contains research material, the last page will be the Works Cited list of all sources used in the paper at least once.
Works Cited


- Citations are listed in alphabetical order, not how they appear in the paper.
- The bottom line of the citation is indented. This is done by placing the cursor at the end of the first line and hitting the “Enter” key. Then hit “Tab” one time to indent the second line.
- Check the *MLA Handbook*, 8th edition, for further help in documenting sources.
- The Tutoring Center in JH 106 can help. Check the website for times and tutor availability. Papers can also be submitted online by going to the Tutoring Center web page and submitting the online request form.

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